

Tips for the ERC Synergy Grant Interview

Version Aug 28, 2019



Example Picture of the evaluation/interview rooms at the ERC Executive Agency (ERCEA), Brussels

The present compilation of tips and example questions for the ERC interview in Brussels is based on several sources, in particular on experience reports shared by ERC Interviewees and on feedback provided by trainers in the context of ERC interview trainings



Synergy Grant, evaluation step 3: What happens before, during and after the interview?

You and your fellow-PI(s) have been invited for an interview on your Synergy Grant proposal because it has been favourably rated in step one and two of the evaluation process.

In **step one**, Part B1 only was assessed by the whole pool of panel members (approximately 80) in one panel from a generalist perspective. After a remote evaluation phase in which each proposal was reviewed by minimum three reviewers, the panel chairs and vice chairs met in Brussels to discuss all proposals submitted to the Synergy Grant call and to select those passing to step 2, based on the written reviews by the panel members. The overall success rate in step one was 64% in the Synergy Grant Call 2019 (52 % in the Call 2018). Success rates for step 2 and step 3 in the Synergy Call 2018 were 47% and 36%, respectively.

In **step two**, the complete version (B1 + B2) of the retained proposals was evaluated. To this aim, **five panels** were formed to provide the best expertise, using the whole pool of the step 1 panel members. External specialized reviews complemented the generalist reviews by the panel members. The five panels were composed of around 15-18 experts each, and most likely there were roughly 2 Physical Sciences, 2 Life sciences, and 1 Social sciences and humanities oriented panels. At the end of the remote individual assessment the five panels met in Brussels.

Step three: Following the step 2 evaluation the PIs of the retained proposals received an invitation letter outlining the format and the length of the interview. All Principal Investigators of the proposals selected for interviews were invited to present their proposal to the interview panel in Brussels. A minimum of three and a maximum of five panels will interview the applicants in parallel. These panels may not be the same panels as in step 2. The interview details will depend on the decision of the panels: interviews can last around 50 minutes in total. All Principal Investigators are required to be present at the interview. The presentation is an opportunity to elaborate on the synergies that the project aims to create.

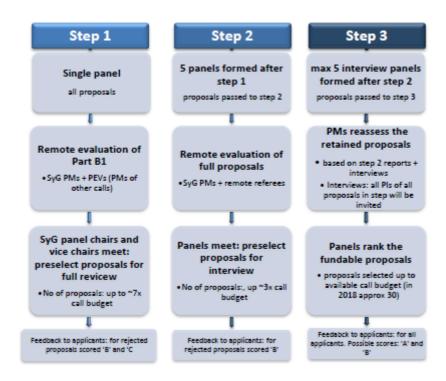
At the time of your interview, the panel members will usually have prepared a <u>preliminary</u> ranking list of proposals, based on their own assessments and the comments they have received by the remote referees. You will not be informed on any reviewer comments at this stage. Only the panel members will be present at the interview. They may also ask questions by quoting from evaluation comments by remote referees.

The panel members who favourably evaluated your proposal in step one and two can be seen as your "advocates". They give you the opportunity to personally outline your project and your (long-term) research vision, answer possibly surprising questions, dispel e.g. methodological doubts and altogether present your group as exceptional combination of principal investigators pursuing a groundbreaking project. The interview also provides the important chance to convince the other panel members who did not read your proposal of the unique character and promise of your joint proposal.

PM: panel member; PEV: panel evaluator. PEV is an ERC term used for panel members of the other ERC frontier calls reviewing ERC SyG proposals – they may provide additional expertise, but do not participate in panel meetings.

Version Aug 2019 page 2/8





Follwing the interview, the panel will discuss all proposals and prepare the final ranking list. Afterwards, all evaluation reports have to be compiled and checked by the ERC Executive Agency, which is a main reason why it takes several weeks in addition before you are informed about the final result of the evaluation.

Important - No contact allowed with peer reviewers: In case you meet panel members/peer reviewers whom you know after you submitted your proposal, do not ask any question or provide any comment that even remotely touches upon your proposal, the interview or evaluation process in general. Otherwise the risk is extremely high that your proposal will be excluded from the evaluation process, as also experience has shown.

Venue/travel

- For the Synergy Grant, we recommend arriving at least one day early, ideally two, in order to be able to prepare jointly for the presentation and discussion. Flights to Brussels are quite often delayed (there is also still a high alert level in Brussels), and it is usually helpful to be able to have a look at the interview venue the day before.
- It is advisable to choose a quiet hotel (room)

Some experiences of Candidates (Starting and Consolidator Grant):

 My hotel (Hotel des Colonies) was almost across the street from the "Convent Garden" where the interview took place. That hotel is overpriced, but okay, because it's a quiet side street.
 Others were in the "Hotel Le Dome" around the corner and were unhappy about their noisy rooms

Version Aug 2019 page 3/8



- I booked in the Crown Plaza, it is probably 20 m away from the Covent Garden center, extremely convenient. It was rather expensive (135 euro/night, maybe because i book just the week before) but it was excellent. Some of the panel members (PM) were also accommodated there, btw. I knew i would spend a lot of time in my room preparing myself scientifically and mentally and i wanted to be in a confortable place. Wireless was free, room was nice and quiet, service and breakfast was excellent. Fully worth the money in this special situation
- I treated myself to stay in the Hilton. It is literally door to door with the ERC building
- I arrived a day early at the very nice, comfy and quiet hotel Be Manos near the Midi train station. I took a walk and checked out the location and general atmosphere of the ERC building. (On a side note: The hotels close to the ERC (Hilton, Sheraton, Dome) are squeezed in between a major road, the ERC building and a large construction side.) Opposite the Be Manos hotel is a very good Brasserie named L'escale.
- Hotel Thon: perfect location on the Place Charlies Rogier just on the other side of the place where the ERC building is, close to Brussel North train station, silent and very good air conditioning. No complete shades on the windows though, and 150€ per night without breakfast, but well, thats just Brussels.
 - Restaurants nearby: Brussels Grill solid, Pomodoro has good pasta and pizzas. The starbucks in the Rogier metro is also convenient, so is the food court in the basement of the large shopping center above Rogier metro.

"Dress code"

While there is no dress code for ERC interviews, and experiences between panels vary, there appears to be a trend towards more formal clothing for the interview in recent years (e.g. shirt and jacket rather than a sweater/T-shirt). Most importantly, you should feel comfortable in your clothes. If in doubt, we suggest to choose a more formal wear.

Slides

- Provide a **narrative** in your presentation, including the "big picture". This will support you in engaging also those panel members who are not in your field
- Decide on your narrative first and prepare the slides afterwards (rather than building a narrative with slides you already prepared previously). The presentation should come across as a story and not as if you were going through a "checklist"
- Your slides should **illustrate** what you are saying, but not contain all the information the panel members should be prompted to look at you rather than at the slides.

Version Aug 2019 page 4/8



- Avoid overloading the slides with details or rushing through a too high number of slides
- Figures/graphs should be meaningful and not merely decorative
- Ensure comfortable font size, consistent capitalization, coherent layout, and good readability (colours/contrast) even in case of a less-than-optimal beamer
- Take particular care in preparing the **first and the last slide**: The last slide will remain displayed during the discussion (and is thus ideal for a summary of the project and your research vision). The first slide will likely already be on display when you walk into the interview room.
- Prepare a pdf-Version in case ppt/Mac does not work
- Prepare handouts for the panel (see also specific instructions by the ERC for each panel). A picture of the PI on the first slide of the handout will help panel members later when they discuss all the interviews
- Usually it is possible to include back-up slides in your presentation that you could use during the
 discussion session, in case more detailed questions are asked on timeline/milestones, budget or
 team composition. However, the back-up slides seem to be hardly ever used.
- Whenever possible, answer questions directly rather than flicking back through slides "in search for an answer".

General tips and example questions

- Check the instructions you have received for the interview by your ERC panel (timing, hand-outs, etc.). **Timing** is kept very **strictly.**
- The presentation can be given by one, several or all of the PIs, but all PIs need to be present to answer questions during the discussion. Please consider also that it may be easier to provide for high visibility of all PIs if all PIs have a share in presenting the project.
- Re-check your proposal to identify possible open questions/ambiguities/"weak spots" that could be addressed by reviewers in the hearing, e.g. more information on methodology, risk management, team composition, choice of case studies or recent scientific developments (→ competing approaches)
- Memorize at least the first and last sentences of your talk
- A catchy start will help to capture the panel's attention

Version Aug 2019 page 5/8



- Do not read from the slides, but face the panel the panel members should look at you. (In the new interview facilities, ERC Candidates typically stand on a podium facing the panel)
- The impression of a **good communication and "chemistry" between the Pls**, e.g. during a joint presentation, or at any rate when answering questions, is important. Thus, a clear and smooth division of work/distribution of questions between Pls during the discussion should be ensured by careful planning beforehand. E.g. we have learned of a successful case where one Pl acted as "moderator" during the discussion, swiftly relaying the questions posed by panel members to individual Pls for answering.
- Practice the talk also at least once without slides
- If you have a tendency to speak quickly, be conscious about it to ensure comfortable speed
- Pronounce clearly
- Avoid "hands in pockets" ©
- Avoid empty words/ filling phrases such as "basically", "obviously", "as I already said before"
- Think about the best way to link from one slide to the next: Rhetorical questions would not seem the best approach to do so, at least this method should not be used too often
- Expect the unexpected: Panel members will try to ask questions you have not been asked before, and to see how you react "under pressure".
 - → Take a moment to think before answering a question. Also apparently simple questions may have a catch.
- **Keep your answers short and to the point**. Panel members can always ask a follow-up-question if they want further information. In general, panel members will be less interested in your answer as such above all, they will seek to determine if you know the answer or not.
- **Never interrupt** a question, even if it is lengthy.
- Say "We are planning to..." rather than "we are thinking of..."
- If a panel member appears to have misunderstood something, you could say "perhaps I/we gave the impression that..."; "I/we had no time in my brief presentation to explain X" or similar, but not "it is wrong/not correct that..."
- In the discussion, do not start your reply with a phrase like "This is a very good question,...", "thank you for the question" or similar.

Version Aug 2019 page 6/8



The PIs, the Team, the Host Institution(s)

- Describe your position vis-à-vis the competitors (who are your main competitors?); your competitive/unique advantage
- Recognize the work of others
- Describe your team and your recruiting strategy
- What is your strategy for selection of collaboration partners, e.g. with competitors?
- Expertise in area X/method Y seems to be missing in your project/group...?
- Your interaction with other ERC grant holders at the institution(s)?
- What are your main achievements so far?
- Why will the ERC Grant be crucial for you at this stage?
- Do you have a permanent position at your institution without the ERC grant?

The Project

- Present the aims of the project clearly.
- Provide a good overview on the project structure, as this facilitates orientation in particular if you focus on specific aspects later
- Be explicit on what exactly is the core novelty of your project
- Panel Members may ask questions that aim at relating your work to their own research field. This
 is an opportunity to "invite them on board". The answer should therefore never be "area
 x/application y is not of interest for this project", but as inclusive as possible
- Preliminary work presented should not give the impression that a large part of the work has
 already been done, so that there would only be limited need for ERC funding. The project should
 thus not come across as a "mere extension of previous work". → Describe the preliminary work
 as pilot study/proof of concept, and focus on what is new in the project
- Prepare for questions on the scope of the project "too broad/unfocused" or "too narrow"
- What impact of the ERC project on your field (and possibly beyond) do you envisage beyond the project duration? What is your more long-term **research vision?** (5-10 years)

Version Aug 2019 page 7/8



- Present (a) testable hypothesis/hypotheses for your project or, if this is not usual in your field, provide clearly formulated research questions. Which important research gap/currently intractable problem do you aim to tackle? → To avoid a potential perception of the project as a "fishing expedition" (e.g. in case of screens in the Life Sciences) or a "largely methods/technology-driven"-approach.
- Consider whether it may be better to **focus** on 1-2 particularly important objectives and/or examples instead of trying to get across too many messages during the presentation
- What would you do if equipment X/PostDoc Nr. 2 were not funded by the ERC? (It should be clear from your answer that this would limit the impact of your project as you have carefully planned your budget; you would apply for alternative funding sources,...)
- What is unique about your project?
- Is this real synergy, or rather just additionality?
- Why is your project timely?
- Validation of project results: How will you know that you have succeeded? How will you interpret results? E.g. statistical power analysis,...?
- What is the key risk of the project? How do you deal with it, what is your plan B?
- This is a mainly correlative approach (?) how are you going to establish causality?
- How could you test this hypothesis?
- What is your focus now, what are your priorities?
- Would this research not better be funded by industry?
- How do you use the rest of your working time?
- What are milestones/intermediate goals of your project?

Further tips: Example weblinks

http://www.researchfundingtoolkit.org/one-line-answers-to-tricky-questions/

Version Aug 2019 page 8/8